Food and Drug Administration, HHS

completed PDP in effect before being placed in commercial distribution.

[45 FR 7907-7971, Feb. 5, 1980, as amended at 52 FR 18163, May 13, 1987; 52 FR 23137, June 17, 1987]

§ 870.3935 Prosthetic heart valve holder.

- (a) *Identification*. A prosthetic heart valve holder is a device used to hold a replacement heart valve while it is being sutured into place.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.
- [45 FR 7907-7971, Feb. 5, 1980, as amended at 61 FR 1121, Jan. 16, 1996]

§870.3945 Prosthetic heart valve sizer.

- (a) *Identification*. A prosthetic heart valve sizer is a device used to measure the size of the natural valve opening to determine the size of the appropriate replacement heart valve.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §870.9.

[45 FR 7907-7971, Feb. 5, 1980, as amended at 61 FR 1121, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38797, July 25, 2001]

Subpart E—Cardiovascular Surgical Devices

§870.4075 Endomyocardial biopsy device.

- (a) *Identification*. An endomyocardial biopsy device is a device used in a catheterization procedure to remove samples of tissue from the inner wall of the heart.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4200 Cardiopulmonary bypass accessory equipment.

(a) Identification. Cardiopulmonary bypass accessory equipment is a device that has no contact with blood and that is used in the cardiopulmonary bypass circuit to support, adjoin, or connect components, or to aid in the setup of the extracorporeal line, e.g., an oxygenator mounting bracket or system-priming equipment.

- (b) Classification. (1) Class I. The device is classified as class I if it does not involve an electrical connection to the patient. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §870.9.
- (2) Class II (special controls). The device is classified as class II if it involves an electrical connection to the patient. The special controls are as follows:
- (i) The performance standard under part 898 of this chapter, and
- (ii) The guidance document entitled "Guidance on the Performance Standard for Electrode Lead Wires and Patient Cables." The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §870.9.

[65 FR 19319, Apr. 11, 2000]

§ 870.4205 Cardiopulmonary bypass bubble detector.

- (a) *Identification*. A cardiopulmonary bypass bubble detector is a device used to detect bubbles in the arterial return line of the cardiopulmonary bypass circuit.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§870.4210 Cardiopulmonary bypass vascular catheter, cannula, or tubing.

- (a) Identification. A cardiopulmonary bypass vascular catheter, cannula, or tubing is a device used in cardiopulmonary surgery to cannulate the vessels, perfuse the coronary arteries, and to interconnect the catheters and cannulas with an oxygenator. The device includes accessory bypass equipment.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.4220 Cardiopulmonary bypass heart-lung machine console.

(a) Identification. A cardiopulmonary bypass heart-lung machine console is a device that consists of a control panel and the electrical power and control circuitry for a heart-lung machine. The console is designed to interface with the basic units used in a gas exchange system, including the pumps, oxygenator, and heat exchanger.